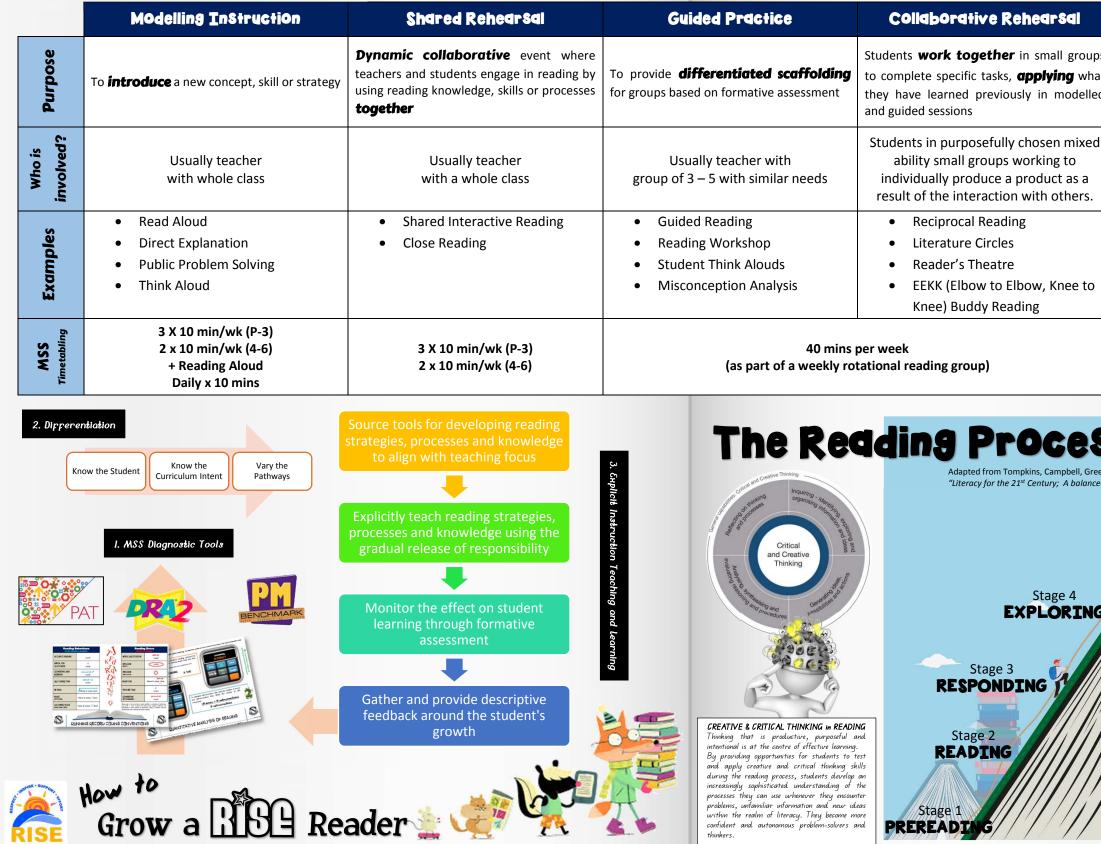
#### A balanced literacy block at Morningside State School

6radual Release of Responsibility

will explicitly teach the **Big 6** Aspects of Reading

using a gradual release of responsibility framework.





SOU THINK SOU DO		
Independent Application		
os at ed	To provide students with opportunities to <b>apply</b> what they have learned in focus lessons, guided instruction and collaborative learning. Students become increasingly <b>self-directed and engaged</b> .	
k	Independent students	
	<ul> <li>Conferring</li> <li>Book Review</li> <li>Book Response</li> <li>Book Trailer</li> <li>Author Study</li> </ul>	
Daily x 10 mins		
ed a	S s smith pproach" Stage 5 APPLYING	Looking for Support: Support: Support: Pedagogical support systems available at Morningside SS Co-Teaching Cycle * Co-Planning, * Co-Debriefing, * Co-Debriefing, * Co-Debriefing, * Co-Debriefing, * Co-Reflection Improving Outcomes Together with Mentoring GPS Case Management Student Support Team SEP Case Management
		Teacher EdStudio Reading at Morningside धन्न \$731176391

## Fluency

Fluent reading is the ability to read quickly naturally, recognise and words automatically, and group words quickly.

- Rate
- Parsody
- Accuracy

## **Phonics**

Phonics instruction teaches the relationship between individual sounds (phonemes) and the letters that represent them (graphemes).

- Blending Isolation
- Segmenting Manipulation

# Decoding

• Syntax

Meaning • uld make sense here? Does that sound right?

 Visual Does that look right?

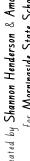
## Vocabulary

Vocabulary knowledge is an awareness of word meaning/s, pronunciation and etymological origins.

- Word Consciousness
- Accessing Context Clues
- **Morphemic Analysis**
- Semantic Connections

It is important to focus students' vocabulary instruction on Tier 2 (Specialised) language rather than Conversational (Tier 1) or Highly Technical (Tier 3) vocabulary.





### Phonological & Phonemic Awgreness

The ability to hear and manipulate the sounds in oral language

- Word Awareness •
- Rhythm
- Rhyme •
- Alliteration
- Syllabification •
- Onset and Rime

## Oral Language

Oral language encompasses expressive (speaking) and receptive (listening) skill sets.

- Active Listening
- **Responding Meaningfully**
- Verbal strategies
- **Non-verbal Strategies**
- Para verbal strategies •
- **Building language to express Creative and Critical Thinking**

#### Comprehension

Understanding what is being read

- **Activating Prior Knowledge**
- Predicting •
- Questioning
- **Making Connections** •
- Visualising
- Inferring •
- Summarising •
- **Synthesising** •
- Skimming and Scanning